



# KOGI STATE GOVERNMENT

**STATE ARREARS REPORTING VERIFICATION AND CLEARANCE REPORT (SARVCR)**

**2021**

## **SECTION ONE:**

### **INTRODUCTION**

#### **1.1 Coverage and Scope:**

This document covers the policy guidelines and procedures for managing and settling the domestic expenditure arrears of Kogi State Government. The State's domestic arrears are financial obligations that have been incurred by Kogi State Government for which payment have not been made by the due date.

The framework is guided by the World Bank and the Federal Debt Management Office's (DMO) Template for the establishment of Domestic Arrears Clearance Committee (DAC), as well as established best practices in the settlement of State's Domestic expenditure arrears.

The main categories of Kogi State's expenditure arrears are as follows: contractors' arrears, pension and gratuity arrears and salary arrears. The shorter terms: "domestic expenditure arrears", "domestic arrears", and "arrears" used variously in the document refer to Kogi State Government domestic expenditure arrears.

#### **1.2 Purpose of the Framework Document**

This framework document is aimed at providing practical guidance in the identification, recording and management of domestic expenditure arrears in the State. This will assist the State to establish processes and systems to reduce her stock of domestic arrears.

#### **1.3 Users of the Framework Document**

This framework is primarily meant for the government of Kogi State. Besides, the staff of MDAs such as Ministry of Finance and Economic Development, Office of the Accountant-

General, Ministry of Budget and Economic Planning, Office of the State Auditor-General, Bureau of Public Procurement, Ministry of Works, Housing and Urban Development and other line M DAs, etc., who may be involved in debt management and settlement of arrears at one time or the other will find it useful.

The framework should be used in conjunction with other extant public finance laws and regulations, the accounting system and procedures manuals in the State.

# KOGI STATE GOVERNMENT OF NIGERIA

## ARREARS CLEARANCE SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR, 2021

| <b>A: <u>CONTARCTORS ARREARS AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2021</u></b>        |                            |                                     |                      |   |                              |
|---|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|---|------------------------------|
|   | <b>OPENING<br/>BALANCE</b> | <b>ADDITION WITHIN THE<br/>YEAR</b> | <b>TOTAL ARREARS</b> | <b>PAYMENT MADE<br/>WITHIN THE YEAR</b> | <b>BALANCE AS 31/12/2021</b> |
|   | 111,680,614.00             | 1,301,541,207.56                    | 1,413,221,821.56     | 945,000,000.00                          | <u><b>468,221,821.56</b></u> |
| <b>B: <u>SALARY ARREARS AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 2021</u></b>              |                            |                                     |                      |   |                              |
|   | <b>OPENING<br/>BALANCE</b> | <b>ADDITION WITHIN THE<br/>YEAR</b> | <b>TOTAL ARREARS</b> | <b>PAYMENT MADE<br/>WITHIN THE YEAR</b> | <b>BALANCE AS 31/12/2021</b> |
|   | 131,874,099.00             | NIL                                 | 131,874,099.00       | 74,550,120.50                           | <u><b>57,323,978.50</b></u>  |
| <b>C: <u>PENSION AND GRATUITY ARREARS AS AT 31S DECEMBER 2021</u></b> |                            |                                     |                      |   |                              |
|   | <b>OPENING<br/>BALANCE</b> | <b>ADDITION WITHIN THE<br/>YEAR</b> | <b>TOTAL ARREARS</b> | <b>PAYMENT MADE<br/>WITHIN THE YEAR</b> | <b>BALANCE AS 31/12/2021</b> |
|   | 491,434,976.07             | 997,633,625.66                      | 1,489,068,601.73     | 1,200,000,000.00                        | <u><b>289,068,601.73</b></u> |
|   | <b>TOTAL PAYABLES</b>      |                                     |                      | <b>₦</b>                                | <u><b>814,614,402</b></u>    |

## 1.5 Description of Kogi State's Policy on Arrears:

Kogi State Government shall adopt the following measures to clear her existing arrears and prevent accumulation of new one:

- i. The State shall empower her legal and regulatory framework on financial issues by strengthening legal and regulatory framework
- ii. The State shall ensure that its budget shall be a realistic plan for expenditures to enhance its credibility and the borrowing limit shall include a margin to handle the situation of revenue shortfalls;
- iii. The State shall ensure proper accounting and reporting through improve accounting and reporting system.
- iv. The State Government shall strengthen her commitment controls to effectively limit commitments to approved budget allocations and to availability of actual cash;
- v. The State shall facilitate improved and integrated cash and debt management;
- vi. Establishment of Treasury Single Account (TSA) to reduce State's reliance on commercial banks loans;
- vii. Payment shall be centralized to the State Treasury to prevent arrears as a result of administrative hurdles;
- viii. Upgrading the government financial management information systems.

## **SECTION 2.**

### **2.1 VERIFICATION PROCESS:**

Upon inauguration, the Committee swung into action by developing a Template for recording, verifying and reporting domestic expenditure arrears. The Committee observed that the contractual obligations reported in the state financial documents is the contract sum of projects awarded without establishing the proportion of work-done on which payments have been made. The Committee then recognized the actual amount due for payment based on the percentage of Work-Done by the Contractors and not just the contract sum. This information was extracted from the Certificate of Due Process (i.e. Value of Work-Done) from the Kogi State Bureau of Public Procurement after extensive reconciliation with the payment made so far from the Office of the Accountant-General. The Committee report was subjected to external audit review by the office of the State Auditor-General to arrive at the Final figures reported in the State Financial Documents for the year 2021.

### **2.2 PLANNED ACTIONS FOR SETTLEMENT OF KOGI STATE DOMESTIC EXPENDITURE ARREARS**

Kogi State Multi-Year Plan is the financial plan of the State for clearance of her stock of arrears based on the total fund available to the State in the fiscal year.

The State Government shall clear her arrears using funds from any of the following sources:

- i. The State's Internally Generated Revenue;
- ii. Grant from the Federal Government;
- iii. Borrowing from the Commercial Banks
- iv. Bonds

### **SECTION 3: PRIORITIZATION CRITERIA FOR ARREAR CLEARANCE**

Until recently, there was no comprehensive effective sub-national arrears clearance strategy in Nigeria. To varying degrees, States have institutional mechanisms for prioritizing the payment of domestic expenditure arrears. The volume of the arrears of most States are usually too large to be cleared within a fiscal year.

Kogi State Government shall adopt any of the following criteria/approaches in deciding which of her domestic expenditure arrears to be paid.

#### **3.1 Prioritization Criteria/Approaches between Types of Arrears Approach**

Allocation of available fund among the types of the arrears in proportion to their share of the total outstanding stock of arrears.

### 3.2 Prioritization Criteria/Approaches within Types of Arrears

| S/No.                      | CRITERIA/ APPROACHES   | RATIONALE | REQUIRED DATA  |
|----------------------------|--|-----------|--|
| <b>1. CONTRACTORS:</b>     |  |           |  |
| Ongoing works-first        | Ensure ongoing works are completed   |           | Status of project  |
| Largest first              | Largest injury (in terms of arrears value) is addressed first  |           | Value of outstanding arrears<br>Value of outstanding arrears |
| Smallest first             | Allows many individual arrears to be paid immediately and focuses fund on small firms that may be vulnerable to cash flow problems (assuming most small arrears are owed to small contractors) |           | Date missed payment was first due                            |
| Oldest first               |  |           |  |
| Subject to penalties first | Creditors who have been waiting longest is paid first<br>Paying arrears that bear penalties for late payment reduces Cost to State.  |           | Contract term: Whether provide for late penalties            |
| <b>2. SALARIES:</b>        |  |           |  |
| Oldest first               | Largest injury (in term of delay) is addressed first   |           | Date missed payment was first due                            |
| Smallest first             | Allows many individual arrears to be paid immediately and focuses fund on lowest paid workers that may be vulnerable to cash flow problems.  |           | Value of outstanding arrears                                 |
| Equal percentage to all    | All staff receive something regardless of when salary payment was first missed or level of salary.   |           | Amount owed to each staff                                    |



| S/No. | CRITERIA/ APPROACHES           | RATIONALE   | REQUIRED DATA                     |
|-------|--------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| 3.    | <b>PENSION AND GRATUITIES:</b> |   |                                   |
|       | Oldest first                   | Largest injury (in term of delay) is addressed first Largest in   | Date missed payment was first due |
|       | Equal percentage to all        | All pensioners receive something, regardless of when they retired | Amount owed to each pensioner     |

### CONCLUSION:

In an attempt to strengthen the recording, verification and reporting, Kogi State Government set up a Domestic Arrears Clearance Committee saddled with the responsibility of ensuring proper and adequate overall arrears clearance process, including recording, verification, classification, reporting, prioritization and clearance of government domestic expenditure arrears in the State and to oversee the work of the State towards achieving the key result of debt sustainability.

The duties of the committee include the following:

- Introduction of specific guidelines setting out the roles and responsibilities of individuals and institutions for the recording of domestic arrears. (i.e. the roles and responsibilities of each Primary Record Holder the entity primarily responsible for keeping the records for each type of arrears). This will include specific reporting requirements (i.e. the use of agreed recording templates and any supporting schedules) and timelines for submission to the committee (monthly).
- Introduction of specific guidelines setting out the roles and responsibilities of individuals and institutions for the verification of domestic arrears balances.

i.e. the role of Internal Audit, Inspectorates, and contracted consultants. This will include reporting requirements (a validated copy of the agreed recording templates and any supporting schedules) and time-lines for submission to the Domestic Arrears Clearance Committee (monthly).

- The creation, maintenance and regular (monthly) update of an accurate internal domestic expenditure arrears database and the publicly - accessible online version of the database.
- Oversight of the overall recording, verification and reporting processes for domestic expenditure arrears to ensure that they meet the requirements of SFTAS DLI #8 as described in the SFTAS verification protocols.
- Ensure adequate classification of the arrears for prioritization purposes.
- Develop the State's Arrears Clearance Framework (ACF), including policies on prioritization and clearance of arrears.
- Provide accurate monthly, quarterly, and annual reports that present the position for verified domestic arrears and the progress made in implementing the State's ACF.
- Provide data/documentation to support the verification of SFTAS DLI #8, including the State Arrears Recording, Verification and Clearance Report.

The Committee reports directly to the State Governor through the Honourable Commissioner for Finance and Economic Development, keeping the appointed SFTAS focal persons informed.

The Committee used its delegated authority to request for all necessary information which facilitates effective discharge of its functions.

In the process of performing its function, the Committee engaged the service of professional assistance for web design and management and incurred expenditures through the established procurement systems and in line with annual budget of the secretariat.

Within this reporting year, the state through the Domestic Arrears Clearance Committee requested that the primary record holders present contractors' arrears records which were subjected to verification by the Monitoring and Evaluation debt of Ministry of Budget and Planning and Bureau of Public Procurement. As such, the arrears were verified appropriately. For the salaries and others staff claims, the arrears were also verified by the committee through the screening exercise conducted during the year.

**Signed**



**Asiru Asiwaju Idris**  
**Hon. Commissioner of Finance**



**Momoh Jibrin**  
**State Accountant-General**